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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|---|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/520,253 | 01/06/2005 | Takashi Kawakami | 260150US6PCT | 2616 |
| 22850 7590 02/07/2008 OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C. 1940 DUKE STREET | | | EXAMINER | |
| | | | DARNO, PATRICK A | |
| ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314 | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| | | | 2163 | |
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| • | | | NOTIFICATION DATE | DELIVERY MODE |
| | | | 02/07/2008 | ELECTRONIC |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

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| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | |
| | 10/520,253 | KAWAKAMI, TAKASHI | | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | |
| | Patrick A. Darno | 2163 | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply | ppears on the cover sheet wit | th the correspondence address | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONI ute, cause the application to become ABA | CATION. Poply be timely filed ITHS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | |
| Status | | | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 | November 2007. | • | | | |
| 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ Th | nis action is non-final. | | | | |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is | | | | | |
| closed in accordance with the practice under | r <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. | . 11, 453 O.G. 213. | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | | | |
| 4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6,8 and 17</u> is/are pending in the a | application. | | | | |
| 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. | | | | | |
| 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | | | | |
| 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6,8 and 17</u> is/are rejected. | • | | | | |
| 7) Claim(s) 8 is/are objected to. | | | | | |
| 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and | l/or election requirement. | | | | |
| Application Papers | | | | | |
| 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Exami | ner. | | | | |
| 10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>06 January 2005</u> is/a | re: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ ot | ojected to by the Examiner. | | | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the | ne drawing(s) be held in abeyan | ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). | | | |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre | • | • | | | |
| 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the | Examiner. Note the attached | Office Action or form PTO-152. | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | · | | | |
| 12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreigna)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of: | gn priority under 35 U.S.C. § | 119(a)-(d) or (f). | | | |
| 1. Certified copies of the priority docume | ents have been received. | | | | |
| 2. Certified copies of the priority docume | ents have been received in Ap | pplication No | | | |
| 3. Copies of the certified copies of the pr | riority documents have been | received in this National Stage | | | |
| application from the International Bure | | | | | |
| * See the attached detailed Office action for a li | ist of the certified copies not | received. | | | |
| • | | | | | |
| Attachment(s) | | | | | |
| 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | | ummary (PTO-413))/Mail Date | | | |
| 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date | | formal Patent Application | | | |

DETAILED ACTION

1. No new claims have been added. Claims 7 and 9-16 are canceled. Claims 1-6, 8, and 17 are pending in this office action. This action is non-final. See Examiner's Notes beginning on page 9 of this office action for a clarification of the change of the status of the claims from the office action mailed 06/21/2007 to now. Currently, claims 1-6, 8, and 17 are rejected.

Claim Objections

2. Claim 8 is objected to because the claim depends on a claim which was canceled. This deficiency has most likely arisen as the result of a minor typographical error. The Examiner requests that the Applicant amend claim 8 to depend from an independent claim which is still pending. For the remainder of this office action, it will be assumed that claim 8 depends on claim 1.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-4, 8, and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent Application Publication Number 2004/0015713 issued to Miki Abe et al. (hereinafter "Abe") in further view of U.S. Patent Application Number 2002/0042777 issued to Tadao Yoshida et al. (hereinafter "Yoshida").

Claim 1:

Abe discloses a file transferring system for transferring content data recorded in a first recording medium to a second recording medium, comprising:

a recording and reproducing apparatus for recording data to the second recording medium and reproducing data from the second recording medium (Abe: paragraph [0174], lines 5-8 and Fig. 4, 20A & 20b and Fig. 6, 20A & 20B and Fig. 36, 20A & 20B);

a content data supplying unit for supplying content data (Abe: paragraph [0168], lines 1-10 and Fig. 4, 91 and Fig. 36, 91; The "content server" is the "content data supplying unit".);

a content data managing unit for outputting content data supplied from the content data supplying unit to the recording and reproducing apparatus (Abe: paragraph [0002], lines 1-6 and paragraph [0168], lines 1-10 and Fig. 4, 1 and Fig. 6, 1 and Fig. 36, 1; The "Primary-Recording Medium Apparatus" is the "content data managing unit".),

wherein the content data managing unit has:

recording means for correlating content data supplied from the content data supplying unit with a content identifier unique to each of content data and recording the correlated content data and content identifier to the first recording medium (Abe: paragraph [0052], lines 4-8; Note specifically that the first content identifier is "unique to the content data". Furthermore, note that the controlling means of the primary recording device (first recording medium) "stores" (records) content data and the content identifier.);

transfer management information updating means for updating transfer managing information with which content data that are recorded to the second recording medium are managed (Abe; paragraph [0053] and paragraph [0054]; Note especially paragraph [0054], lines 6-8), the content data being supplied so that the content identifier and an additional identifier are

correlated (Abe: paragraph [0052], lines 15-18; Note specifically that the content identifier is associated (correlated) with a second identifier.);

reservation means for reserving selected content data for recording on a selected second recording medium with reservation data (Abe: paragraph [0203]; The reservation data is the data setting a limit on the number of allowable check-outs. Compare this portion of the Abe reference with paragraph [0331] of the Applicants Specification¹.);

controlling means for receiving an identifier (Abe: paragraph [0055], lines 16-20; Since the reference clearly shows an "identifier-transmission means for controlling" the transmission of identifiers, it surely must disclose a means of receiving the transmitted identifier.), data of the second recording medium being reproduced by the recording and reproducing apparatus (Abe: paragraph [0174], lines 5-8), and for controlling content data transferred to the recording and reproducing so that the content data recorded in the first recording medium is recorded to the second recording medium in accordance with the reservation data (Abe: paragraph [0002], lines 1-6).

Abe does not explicitly disclose wherein one of the identifiers is a recording medium identifier unique to each second recording medium. However, Yoshida discloses wherein one of the identifiers is a recording medium identifier unique to each second recording medium (Yoshida: paragraph [0015], lines 12-14 and paragraph [0127]).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of Abe with the teachings of Yoshida noted above for the purpose of including a recording medium identifier. The skilled artisan would have been motivated to improve the teachings of Abe noted above such that there would be some manner to differentiate between different computer readable mediums (Yoshida: paragraph [0196]).

Claim 2:

The combination of Abe and Yoshida discloses all the elements of claim 1, as noted above, and Abe further discloses wherein the content data recorded in the first recording medium are managed so that the number of permissible copy times of each of the content data that are copied to other recording mediums is restricted (*Abe: paragraph [0203], lines 1-6*), and

wherein when the content data are transferred from the first recording medium to the second recording medium, the number of permissible copy times is decremented (*Abe: paragraph* [0203], lines 7-10).

Claim 3:

The combination of Abe and Yoshida discloses all the elements of claim 1, as noted above, and Abe further discloses wherein the second recording medium to and from which data is recorded and reproduced by the recording and reproducing apparatus is loadable and unloadable thereto and therefrom (Abe: paragraph [0202]; When the content is 'checked-out' to a secondary recording medium, the content is loaded onto the secondary medium. When the content is 'checked-in' from the secondary recording medium to the primary recording medium, the content is unloaded, or removed, from the secondary recording medium.).

Claim 4:

The combination of Abe and Yoshida discloses all the elements of claim 1, as noted above, and Abe further discloses

wherein the transfer management information contains transfer reservation information, and updating the transfer reservation information (Abe: paragraph [0203]; The reservation data is the data setting a limit on the number of allowable check-outs. Compare this portion of the Abe reference with paragraph

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[0331] of the Applicants Specification.), and wherein the transfer management information updating means is configured to correlate content data supplied from the content data supplying unit with an identifier (Abe: paragraph [0052], lines 15-18; Note specifically that the content identifier is associated (correlated) with a second identifier.) to which the content data are transferred and update the transfer reservation information of the transfer management information (Abe: paragraph [0053] and paragraph [0054] and paragraph [0203]).

Abe does not explicitly disclose wherein one of the identifiers is a recording medium identifier unique to each second recording medium. However, Yoshida discloses wherein one of the identifiers is a recording medium identifier unique to each second recording medium (Yoshida: paragraph [0015], lines 12-14 and paragraph [0127]).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of Abe with the teachings of Yoshida noted above for the purpose of a recording medium identifier. The skilled artisan would have been motivated to improve the teachings of Abe noted above such that there would be some manner to differentiate between different computer readable mediums (Yoshida: paragraph [0196]).

Claim 8:

The combination of Abe and Yoshida discloses all the elements of claim 1, as noted above, and Abe further discloses,

wherein the content data recorded in the first recording medium is managed so that the number of permissible copy times of each of content data that are copied to other recording mediums is restricted (*Abe: paragraph [0203], lines 1-6*), and

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wherein when content data transferred from the first recording medium are deleted, the number of permissible copy times is incremented (Abe: paragraph [0203], lines 7-10; Incrementing or decrementing a counter based on a given situation arising is very basic and well known in the art.).

Claim 17:

Claim 17 is rejected under the same reasons set forth in the rejection of claim 1.

Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Abe in view of 4. Yoshida and further in view of U.S. Patent Application Publication Number 2001/0047419 issued to Yoshihisa Gonno et al. (hereinafter "Gonno").

Claim 6:

The combination of Abe and Yoshida discloses all the elements of claim 1, as noted above, and Yoshida further discloses wherein the content data has not been recorded and whose recording medium identifier has not been registered in the transfer management information (Yoshida: paragraph [0222] - paragraph [0223], line 4; Note that the content couldn't have been recorded if it wasn't purchased yet.).

The previously mentioned combination does not explicitly disclose wherein the transfer management information updating means is configured to reserve the transfer of content data to the second recording medium. However, Gonno discloses wherein the transfer management information updating means is configured to reserve the transfer of content data to the second recording medium (Gonno: paragraph [0029], lines 6-10 and paragraph [0031], lines 9-12 and paragraph [0068], lines 3-4).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the previously mentioned combination with the teachings of Gonno noted above. The skilled artisan would have been motivated to improve the previously mentioned combination per the above such that the updating of distribution, delivery, or transfer information would result in data synchronization between a resource reserving client and a master database (*Gonno: paragraph [0031], lines 9-12*).

5. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Abe in view of Yoshida and further in view of U.S. Patent Application Publication Number 2003/0031319 issued to Takafumi Hosoi et al. (hereinafter "Hosoi").

Claim 5:

The combination of Abe and Yoshida discloses all the elements of claim 1, as noted above, and Abe further discloses wherein each of the recording and reproducing apparatus and the content data managing unit has communicating means for communicating with each other (Abe: paragraph [0355]; Note specifically the communication unit.).

The previously mentioned combination does not explicitly disclose when it has been determined that the recording and reproducing apparatus and the content data managing unit are connected by the communicating means, the content data are transferred.

However, Hosoi discloses when it has been determined that the recording and reproducing apparatus and the content data managing unit are connected by the communication means, the content data are transferred (Hosoi: paragraph [0166], lines 1-4).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the previously mentioned combination with the teachings of Hosoi noted

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above. The skilled artisan would have been motivated to improve the previously mentioned combination per the above such that content data could only be transferred between two devices when the two devices are connected to each other (Hosoi: paragraph [0166], lines 1-4).

Additional Comments

Examiner Notes:

In the office action mailed 06/21/2007, the Examiner indicated that claims 1-6, 8, and 17 were allowable over the prior art of record. However, after taking a closer look at the Abe reference and the meaning of 'reservation data' set forth in the Applicant's specification, it appears that the combination of Abe and Yoshida discloses all the elements of claim 1.

Specifically, Abe appears to disclose reservation means for reserving selected content data for recording on a selected second recording medium with reservation data and a controlling means for controlling content data transferred to the recording and reproducing apparatus so that the content data recorded in the first recording medium is recorded to the second recording medium in accordance with reservation data (Abe: paragraph [0203]).

While the words 'reservation data' do not appear in Abe: paragraph [0203], Abe appears to disclose precisely what the Applicant defines as 'reservation data' in the Applicant's specification. Specifically, compare Abe: paragraph [0203] with paragraph [0331] of the Applicant's Specification.

Since it appears that each and every element of the Applicant's claimed invention is either disclosed or suggested by the prior art of record, the claims remain rejected under the reasons set forth in the preceding office action. If anything in this office action is deemed by the

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Applicant to be unclear or confusing, the Applicant is urged to contact the Examiner to set up a

phone interview in order to discuss the pending claims.

Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Patrick A. Darno whose telephone number is (571) 272-0788.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday, 9:00 am - 5:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Don Wong can be reached on (571) 272-1834. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

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like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated

information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Patrick A. Darno

Examiner

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¹ The reference to Applicant's specification is directed to the US Printed Publication version of the Applicant's Specification.

This is US Patent Application Publication Number 2006/0161584.

WILSON LEE